

Version: 1.12 04/16/2012

# RTV 108 - transl ACETOXY SEALANT (translucent)

### **1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Manufacturer Name:		Momentive performance material 260 Hudson River Rd Waterford NY 12188			
Revised: Prepared by CHEMTREC MSDS Contact Information		04/16/2012 Product Regulatory Compliance 1-800-424-9300 1-888-443-9466 4information@momentive.com			
Chemical Family/Use:		Sealant			
Formula:		MixtureSilicone s	ealant		
HMIS Health:	2	Flammability:	1	Reactivity:	0
<b>NFPA</b> Health:	2	Flammability:	1	Reactivity:	0

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

WARNING! Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Adverse liver and reproductive effects reported in animals.

Form: Paste

Color: Colorless

Odor: Acetic acid.

### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

#### SKIN

Uncured product contact will irritate lips, gums and tongue. Skin irritation is possible after contact with the uncured product.

### INHALATION

Applies in uncured state.

### EYES

Eye irritation is possible after contact with the uncured product.

### SUBCHRONIC (TARGET ORGAN )

Liver; Reproductive hazard.

### CHRONIC EFFECTS / CARCINOGENICITY

This product or one of its ingredients present at 0.1% or more is NOT listed as a carcinogen or



Version: 1.12 04/16/2012

# RTV 108 - transl ACETOXY SEALANT (translucent)

suspected carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

### **ROUTES OF EXPOSURE**

Dermal; Eye

#### Other

Contains octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane which may cause reproductive effects based on animal data.

### **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

PRODUCT COMPOSITION	CAS-No.	<u>WGT. %</u>	
A. HAZARDOUS			
Methyltriacetoxysilane	4253-34-3	1 - 5 %	
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	1 - 5 %	
B. NON-HAZARDOUS			
Dimethylpolysiloxane	70131-67-8	60 - 100 %	
Treated Filler	68611-44-9	10 - 30 %	
Siloxanes & Silicones,	68554-67-6	5 - 10 %	
Dimethylpolymers			
w/Methylsilsesquioxanes			

### **4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

### INGESTION

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. Do not give victim anything to drink if he is unconscious. Get medical attention.

### SKIN

Wash with soap and water.

### INHALATION

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration using a barrier device. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Page 2/9



Version: 1.12 04/16/2012

# RTV 108 - transl ACETOXY SEALANT (translucent)

### EYES

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

None known.

### **5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

FLASH POINT: METHOD IGNITION TEMPERATURE: FLAMMABLE LIMITS LEL: FLAMMABLE LIMITS UEL: > 93.3 °C; 200 °F Estimated No data available. Not applicable Not applicable

No

### SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE

SENSITIVITY TO MECHANICAL IMPACT:

Sensitivity to static discharge is not expected.

### EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

All standard extinguishing agents are suitable.

### SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Firefighters must wear NIOSH/MSHA approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus with full face mask and full protective clothing.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### ACTION TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Wipe, scrape or soak up in an inert material and put in a container for disposal. Wash walking surfaces with detergent and water to reduce slipping hazard. Wear proper protective equipment as specified in the protective equipment section.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid accidental ingestion of this material. Wash hands and face before eating, drinking, smoking, using toilet facilities, or applying



Version: 1.12 04/16/2012

# RTV 108 - transl ACETOXY SEALANT (translucent)

### cosmetics.

Remove contact lenses before using sealant. Do not handle lenses until all sealant has been cleaned from the finger and hands. Keep out of reach of children. Keep container closed.

### STORAGE

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.; Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

### **RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

If exposure limits are exceeded or respiratory irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Supplied air respirators may be required for non-routine or emergency situations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with OSHA regulations (see 29CFR 1910.134).

### **PROTECTIVE GLOVES**

Butyl rubber gloves are recommended.

### EYE AND FACE PROTECTION

Safety glasses with side shields

### **OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**

Wear suitable protective clothing and eye/face protection.

### **Exposure Guidelines**

Component	CAS-No.	Source	Value
Octamethylcyclotetras	556-67-2	Z_INTL_OEL, REL	5 ppm
iloxane			

Absence of values indicates none found

PEL - OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit; TLV - ACGIH Threshold Limit Value; TWA - Time Weighted Average; INTL REL - Internal Recommended Exposure Limit

OSHA revoked the Final Rule Limits of January 19, 1989 in response to the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals decision (AFL-CIO v. OSHA) effective June 30, 1993. See 29 CFR 1910.1000 (58 FR 35338).



Version: 1.12 04/16/2012

# RTV 108 - transl ACETOXY SEALANT (translucent)

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT (°C): VAPOR PRESSURE (20 C) (MM HG): VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1): FREEZING POINT: **PHYSICAL STATE:** ODOR: Color: **EVAPORATION RATE (BUTYL ACETATE=1): SPECIFIC GRAVITY: DENSITY:** ACID / ALKALINITY (MEQ/G): pH: SOLUBILITY IN WATER (20 C): SOLUBILITY IN ORGANIC SOLVENT (STATE SOLVENT): **VOLATILE ORGANIC CONTENT:** VOC EXCL. H2O & EXEMPTS (G/L):

Not applicable No data available. No data available. Paste Acetic acid. Colorless No data available. 1.06 ca. 1.06 g/cm3 No data available. No data available. No data available. Insoluble Toluene

2.4 %(m) 26 g/l

### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### STABILITY

Stable

### HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION.

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

### HAZARDOUS THERMAL DECOMPOSITION / COMBUSTION PRODUCTS

Carbon dioxide; Acetic acid.; Silicon dioxide.; Formaldehyde.; This product contains methylpolysiloxanes which can generate formaldehyde at approximately 300 degrees Fahrenheit (150'C) and above, in atmospheres which contain oxygen. Formaldehyde is a skin and respiratory sensitizer, eye and throat irritant, acute toxicant, and potential cancer hazard. A MSDS for formaldehyde is available from Momentive.

### **INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS**

None known.

### **CONDITIONS TO AVOID**

None known.



Version: 1.12 04/16/2012

# RTV 108 - transl ACETOXY SEALANT (translucent)

### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### ACUTE ORAL

Remarks: No data available.

#### ACUTE DERMAL

Remarks: No data available.

### ACUTE INHALATION

Remarks: None known.

#### OTHER

#### Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane

Ingestion: Rodents given large doses via oral gavage of octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (1600 mg/kg day, 14 days) developed increased liver weights relative to unexposed control animals due to hepatocellular hyperplasia (increased number of liver cells which appear normal) as well as hypertrophy (increased cell size).

Inhalation: In inhalation studies, laboratory rodents exposed to octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (300 ppm five days week, 90 days)developed increased liver weights in female animals relative to unexposed control animals. When the exposure was stopped, liverweights returned to normal. Microscopic examination of the liver cells did not show any evidence of pathology. Inhalationstudies utililizing laboratory rabbits and guinea pigs showed no effects on liver weights. Inhalation exposures typical ofindustrial usage (5-10 ppm) showed no toxic effects in rodents.

Range finding reproductive studies were conducted (whole body inhalation, 70 days prior to mating, through mating, gestationand lactation) with octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (D4). Rats were exposed to 70 and 700 ppm. In the 700 ppm group, there was statistically significant reduction in mean litter size and in implantation sites. No D4 related clinical signs were observed in the pups and no exposure related pathological findings were found.

Interim results from a two generation reproductive study in rats exposed to 500 and 700 ppm D4 (whole body inhalation, 70 daysprior to mating, through mating, gestation and lactation) resulted in a statistically significant decrease in live meanlitter size as well as extended periods of off-spring delivery (dystocia). These results were not observed at the 70 and 300ppm dosing levels.

Preliminary results from an ongoing 24-month combined chronic/oncogenicity study in rats exposed to 10, 30, 150, or700 ppm D4 showed test-article related effects in the kidney (male and female) and uterus of rats exposed for 12 to 24 months. These effects include increased kidney weight and severity of chronic nephropathy, increased uterine weight, increased incidence of endometrial cell hyperplasia, and an increased incidence of endometrial adenomas. All of these effects are limited to the 700 ppm exposure group.

These results have been shown to be rat-specific. Further studies are ongoing.

In developmental toxicity studies, rats and rabbits were exposed to octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane at concentrations up to 700 ppm and 500 ppm respectively. No teratogenic effects (birth defects) were observed in either study.



Version: 1.12 04/16/2012

# RTV 108 - transl ACETOXY SEALANT (translucent)

,Contains dibutyltin compound(s) - May impair fertility. May cause harm to unborn child.

SENSITIZATION

No data available.

SKIN IRRITATION. No data available.

EYE IRRITATION No data available.

MUTAGENICITY No data available.

OTHER EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Acetic acid released during curing.

## **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### ECOTOXICITY

Ecotoxicological data for this product is not available.

DISTRIBUTION No data available. CHEMICAL FATE

No data available.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### **DISPOSAL METHODS**

Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Further Information:

This product is not regarded as dangerous goods according to the national and international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods.

Page 7/9



Version: 1.12 04/16/2012

# RTV 108 - transl ACETOXY SEALANT (translucent)

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### **Inventories**

Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	y (positive listing)	
EU list of existing chemical substances	y (positive listing)	
Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	y (positive listing)	
China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances	y (positive listing)	
Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI)	y (positive listing)	
Canada DSL Inventory	y (positive listing)	
Canada NDSL Inventory	n (Negative listing)	
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	y (positive listing)	
(PICCS)		
TSCA list For inventories that are marked as quantity r	y (positive listing)	On TSCA Inventory
i of inventorios that are marked as quantity i		

# **US Regulatory Information**

### SARA (311,312) HAZARD CLASS

Acute Health Hazard

### **CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65**

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

## **Canadian Regulatory Information**

### WHMIS CLASSIFICATION

D2A - Very Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects D2B - Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

### OTHER

These data are offered in good faith as typical values and not as product specifications. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific context of the intended use and determine whether they are appropriate.

Page 8/9



Version: 1.12 04/16/2012

# RTV 108 - transl ACETOXY SEALANT (translucent)

,C = ceiling limit NEGL = negligible EST = estimated NF = none found UNKN = unknown NA = not applicable NE = none established REC = recommended ND = none determined V = recommended by vendor TS = trade secret SKN = skin R = recommended MST = mist NT = not tested STEL = short term exposure limit ppm = parts per million ppb = parts per billion By-product= reaction by-product, TSCA inventory status not required under 40 CFR part 720.30(h-2).